

ELUL 5781/TISHREI 5782 אלול תשפייא/תשרי תשפייב/ELUL 5781/TISHREI 5782

ROSH HASHANAH

Rosh Hashanah (literally, the "head" of the year) is the beginning of the Jewish year — and the "birthday" of all of creation. It commemorates the creation of Adam and Eve, the first humans. Man was the first to acknowledge G-d's kingship over the universe, and on Rosh Hashanah we renew this commitment to G-d and His commandments.

THE SHOFAR

The sounding of the Shofar (the ram's horn) is a central observance of Rosh Hashanah. The Shofar calls many things to mind: It symbolizes our coronation of G-d as King, it is a "wake up call" to return to G-d, and it presages the coming of Moshiach, whose arrival will be heralded by the "Great Shofar".

YOM KIPPUR

Yom Kippur, the Day of Atonement, is the holiest day of the Jewish calendar. It is a day of spiritual cleansing: We acknowledge our shortcomings and transgressions, with a firm resolution for a better future; G-d promises us forgiveness, and the chance for a fresh start. We refrain from work, and avoid any food or drink, as well as washing, using oils or lotions, marital relations and regular (leather) shoes.

SUKKOT

The name Sukkot is derived from the word Sukkah, or hut. In commemoration of the protective "clouds of glory" with which G-d surrounded the Jewish people on their way out of Egypt, we live in makeshift huts during the seven days of this holiday.

During Sukkot, we observe the special mitzvah of shaking the Lulav (palm branch) and the Etrog (citron). Taken together with the Hadas (myrtle) and the Aravah (willow), these very different plant species represent the unity of disparate types of Jews who, each in their own way, are vital components of the Jewish nation.

SIMCHAT TORAH

Simchat Torah marks the day we complete the reading of the Torah in its annual cycle. On the evening of Simchat Torah, (and in many communities, on the previous evening of Shemini Atzeret as well) we make seven Hakafot (circuits) around the table upon which the Torah is read, dancing and rejoicing with the Torah scrolls. During morning services on Simchat Torah, we complete the Torah, reading the last Torah portion. We immediately start reading the Torah from the beginning again—remembering that the Torah is an endless source of wisdom, each cycle challenging us to discover its ever deeper meaning



Blessing on the Lulav, by Ari Zeigler, www.LeviimArt.com

Gelstember 2021

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SHABBAT
			כד אלול ELUL 24	2 כה אלול ELUL 25	כו אלול ELUL 26	בז אלול D NITZAVIM PIRKEI-AVOT:
			_	_		Chapters 5 & 6
					<u>į</u>	
כח אלול כח ELUL 28	כט אלול ELUL 29	א תשרי TISHREI 1	ב תשרי TISHREI 2	ג תשרי TISHREI 3	ד תשרי TISHREI 4	ה תשרי VAYEILECH TISHREI 5 Shabbat Shuvah
	0	*	3	•		
		407.0.11.05		FACT OF OFDALIAL		
	14 14	1ST DAY OF ROSH HASHANAH	2ND DAY OF ROSH HASHANAH	FAST OF GEDALIAH		
ו תשרי 1 TISHREI 6	ז תשרי TISHREI 7	ח תשרי TISHREI 8	ט תשרי TISHREI 9	י תשרי 16 TISHREI 10	יא תשרי TISHREI 11	יב תשרי HA'AZINU
"	15	1-7	15		17	10
			EREV YOM KIPPUR	YIZKOR YOM KIPPUR		
יג תשרי 19 TISHREI 13	יד תשרי 10 TISHREI 14	טו תשרי 11 TISHREI 15	טז תשרי 12 TISHREI 16	יז תשרי TISHREI 17	יח תשרי 12 4 TISHREI 18	יט תשרי 25 TISHREI 19
	LU			LJ	LT	LJ
	M	1ST DAY OF SUKKOT	2ND DAY OF SUKKOT	1ST INTERMEDIATE DAY OF SUKKOT	2ND INTERMEDIATE DAY OF SUKKOT	3RD INTERMEDIATE DAY OF SUKKOT
כ תשרי 2 TISHREI 20	כא תשרי 77 TISHREI 21	כב תשרי 28 TISHREI 22	29 כג תשרי TISHREI 23	כד תשרי TISHREI 24		
	_ /					
4TH INTERMEDIATE DAY OF SUKKOT	HOSHANA RABA	YIZKOR SHEMINI ATZERET	SIMCHAT TORAH	ISRU CHAG		

TISHREI/CHESHVAN 5781 תשרי/חשון תשפ"ב

THE WEEKLY TORAH READING

According to our tradition, the custom of reading from the Torah in the Synagogue every Shabbat is one of the oldest Jewish customs, instituted by Moshe Rabbeinu (Moses) himself. The Torah was divided by Moshe into 54 portions, which is the maximum number of regular readings possible during a Jewish calendar year. The regular cycle is suspended during Jewish holidays, when we read holiday themed portions instead. Most years, it becomes necessary to occasionally group two portions together in order to complete the cycle on time for Simchat Torah. Our lives are built around the calendar cycles: The year, the month, the week. Every day, the current Torah Reading offers a fresh source of inspiration. Though repeated again and again, there is always a new insight, a new guidance, a new commentary on the here and the now. This is the Jewish way of "living with the times."

CHESHVAN 11

Passing of our Matriarch Rachel, wife of Yaakov. Rachel passed away in 1563 BCE as Yaakov was returning home to his parents. She is buried in Bethlehem.

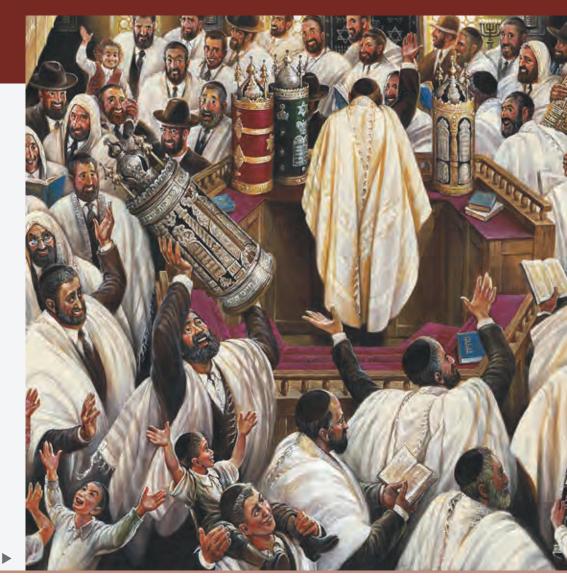
CHESHVAN 20

Birthday of Rabbi Sholom Dov Ber of Lubavitch, the fifth Lubavitcher Rebbe (1860).

SHMITAH - THE SABBATICAL YEAR

The Jewish calendar year, 5782, is observed as the Shmitah (Sabbatical) year. The Torah obligates us to leave the land of Israel fallow, and that landowners relinquish ownership of all that does grow so that everyone, even animals, could freely enjoy it. This practice is repeated every seventh year.

Similar to the day of Shabbat, which is observed weekly, the Sabbatical year reminds us that the G-dly blessing is the true source of our sustenance. The Torah promises that farmers will have enough left from the prior year to sustain them until after the Shmitah. In addition, this year offered farmers the opportunity to spend some time focusing on higher, more spiritual pursuits.



Dancing with the Torahs, by Arkady Ostrycki, www.nerartgallery.com

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SHABBAT
					כה תשרי TISHREI 25	כו תשרי BEREISHIT TISHREI 26 BEREISHIT Blessing of new month
כז תשרי Tishrei 27	כח תשרי TISHREI 28	5 כט תשרי TISHREI 29	ל תשרי ל TISHREI 30	א חשון א CHESHVAN 1 ROSH CHODESH	ב חשון CHESHVAN 2	א חשון a NOACH CHESHVAN 3
T חשון T CHESHVAN 4	ה חשון CHESHVAN 5	12 חשון CHESHVAN 6	חשרן ל CHESHVAN 7	ח חשון n cheshvan 8	15 CHESHVAN 9	י חשונ LECH CHESHVAN 10 LECHA
יא חשון CHESHVAN 11	יב חשוז CHESHVAN 12	יג חשון CHESHVAN 13	יד חשון cheshvan 14	21 טו חשון CHESHVAN 15	טז חשרן 00 CHESHVAN 16	יז חשון VAYEIRA CHESHVAN 17
יח חשון CHESHVAN 18	יט חשון cheshvan 19	26 חשון כ cheshvan 20	27 CHESHVAN 21	בב חשון CHESHVAN 22	29 снезнуал 23	CT חשרן כד תשרן CHAYEI SARAH Blessing of new month
כה חשרן CHESHVAN 25						

ארושון/כסלו תשפ"ב CHESHVAN/KISLEV 5782

TEFILLIN

Tefillin, or phylacteries, are donned every weekday by Jewish men and boys over the age of 13. The Torah describes Tefillin as a sign, a public statement of Jewish involvement. By donning Tefillin daily, an individual gives expression to his basic feeling of Jewish identity and its importance to him. The Tefillin are placed on the arm facing the heart, and on the head. This signifies the binding of one's emotional and intellectual powers to the service of G-d. The straps, stretching from the arm to the hand and from the head to the legs, signify the transmission of intellectual and emotional energy to the hands and feet, symbolizing deed and action.

KISLEV 19

"Chassidic Rosh Hashanah". Yartzeit of Rabbi Dov Ber of Mezritch, the second leader of the Chassidic movement (1772). Release from prison of Rabbi Schneur Zalman of Liadi, founder of the Chabad movement (1798). His triumphant release marked a turning point in the spreading of Chassidic thought, and this date is celebrated in many communities throughout the world.

CHANUKAH

The kindling of the Menorah is the focal point of the Chanukah holiday, symbolizing religious freedom and the strength of the Jewish spirit. The menorah is kindled on each of the eight nights of Chanukah, this year beginning on Thursday evening, December 10.

The Menorah is placed at the left side of a central doorway of the home, or at the front window. The candles should be lit immediately following sunset, and should be prepared so that they will remain lit for at least a half hour after dusk. In keeping with Shabbat observance, the Menorah is lit before the Shabbat candles on Friday evening and after the Havdalah ceremony at the end of Shabbat.

Gather all family members and light the Shamash, the service candle. Recite the blessings, then light the candles beginning from the left. When done, place the Shamash at its designated place, separated from the other candles.



Keeping the Flame Alive, by M. Kline, www.LeviimArt.com

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SHABBAT
	כו חשון CHESHVAN 26	2 רז חשון CHESHVAN 27	כח חשון CHESHVAN 28	כט חשון CHESHVAN 29	א כסלו א Codil Street ו Street א Chodesh	ב כסלו TOLDOT
ג כטלו KISLEV 3	ד כסלו KISLEV 4	ה כטלו א in KISLEV 5	1 כטלו (Coding) או אוי אוי אוי אוי א	ז כטלו KISLEV 7	ח כטלו n Rislev 8	ט כסלו VAYEITZEI See valeinger
י כטלו א KISLEV 10	יא כסלו KISLEV 11	יב כטלו KISLEV 12	יג כטלו 17 KISLEV 13	יד כסלו 18 KISLEV 14	19 טו כטלו KISLEV 15	טז כסלו VAYISHLACH NISLEV 16
יז כטלו איז	יח כטלו (SISLEV 18	יט כסלו (KISLEV 19	כ כסלו א C כ כסלו אוsslev 20	מא כסלו (CA כלו SISLEV 21	כב כסלו או 26 KISLEV 22	עג כטלו כג כטלו VAYEISHEV Blessing of new month
28 KISLEV 24	29 κISLEV 25 CHANUKAH	30 KISLEV 26 CHANUKAH				

SISLEV/TEVET 5782 אוא ecember 202/ בסלו /טבת תשפ"ב

MEZUZAH

The Mezuzah is a small piece of parchment containing the first two paragraphs of the Shema prayer. It is affixed to the doorposts of Jewish homes and businesses.

The Mezuzah reminds us of G-d's constant presence even in our own homes, and His ongoing relationship with us. A kosher Mezuzah protects our homes, too. On the back of the Mezuzah is inscribed the Divine name, Sha-Da-I, made up of three Hebrew letters which form the acronym of the phrase, "Keeper of the Gates of Israel".

The Mezuzah is hand-written on a parchment by a qualified sofer (scribe). To make sure that your Mezuzahs are Kosher, it is important to purchase Mezuzot from a reliable source and to have them checked regular by a professional sofer. Contact our office for help.

TEVET 10

Observed as a fast day. On this date, Jerusalem was placed under siege by the Babylonian king Nebuchadnezzar, resulting in the destruction of the First Temple (422 BCE).

TEVET 24

Yartzeit of Rabbi Schneur Zalman of Liadi, founder of the Chabad movement (1812).



Chupa, by Sarit Stern, www.LeviimArt.com



SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SHABBAT
			כז כסלו KISLEV 27	2 כח כטלו KISLEV 28	3 כט כסלו KISLEV 29	ל כסלו MIKEITZ KISLEV 30
			CHANUKAH			CHANUKAH ROSH CHODESH In evening begin Tal U'matar
א טבת TEVET 1	ב טבת ב TEVET 2	ג טבת TEVET 3	ד טבת TEVET 4	ה טבת TEVET 5	ו טבת TEVET 6	ז טבת VAYIGASH
00000000000000000000000000000000000000	CHANUKAH					
ח טבת n TEVET 8	ט טבת tevet 9	י טבת TEVET 10	יא טבת TEVET 11	יב טבת TEVET 12	יג טבת TEVET 13	יד טבת VAYECHI TEVET 14 Shabbat Chazzak
		FAST OF TEVET 10			Ñ	
19 טי טבת TEVET 15	טז טבת 20 TEVET 16	יז טבת 17 TEVET 17	יח טבת יח צבת TEVET 18	יט טבת TEVET 19	כ טבת c TEVET 20	25 כא טבת SHEMOT
					i i	
26 DEVET 22	27 כג טבת TEVET 23	28 TEVET 24	29 כה טבת TEVET 25	כו טבת D דכר טבת TEVET 26	מז טבת דס TEVET 27	

SHEVAT 10

Yartzeit of Rabbi Yosef Yitzchak Schneersohn, sixth leader of Chabad Lubavitch (1950). Rabbi Yosef Yitzchak fought to preserve Jewish life in the

U.S.S.R. until he was imprisoned, threatened with his life, and finally forced to leave (1927). In 1940 he came to the United States and established the network of Chabad-Lubavitch educational institutions throughout the U.S.A. and across the world.

This day also marks the beginning of the leadership of his son-in-law Rabbi Menachem Mendel Schneerson, known as the Lubavitcher Rebbe.

SHEVAT 15 - TU B'SHEVAT

In Jewish tradition, the fifteenth day of Shevat marks the "New Year" for the trees, opening the season in which trees begin to bud in the Holy Land.

It is customary to celebrate this date by enjoying some fruit, especially the five fruits mentioned in the Torah in connection with Israel: Grapes, Figs, Pomegranates, Olives, and Dates.

SHEVAT 22

Yartzeit of Rebbetzin Chaya Mushka Schneerson, wife of the Lubavitcher Rebbe (1988).

SHABBAT AND FESTIVAL CANDLES

Throughout the ages, light has stirred the imagination of poets, mystics, scientists and psychologists. Because its nature is so different from other material entities, it is often used to describe spiritual insight. Shabbat is a day of light; its pattern and value-orientation is different from the other days of the week. Thus it is the lighting of the Shabbat Candles that ushers in this state of awareness and inspires us to feel the way it permeates our lives. The mystics call this day of light the Shabbat Queen, and the responsibility for lighting the candles and inducing this change of perspective is the woman's. It is she who welcomes the Shabbat Queen into the home.

Young girls, from the age of three or even younger, are encouraged to light their own candles, to involve and educate them in this profound and beautiful mitzyah.

The Shabbat Candles are lit 18 minutes before sunset.



Seven Fruits of Israel, by Aarah Aizman, www.AizmanArt.com



SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SHABBAT
						רח טבת Cn עA'EIRA TEVET 28 Blessing of new month
					¥4	
2 כט טבת TEVET 29	א שבט SHEVAT 1	ב שבט 2 SHEVAT 2	ג שבט shevat 3	T שבט shevat 4	ה שבט ה SHEVAT 5	נישבט BO SHEVAT 6
	ROSH CHODESH					
T שבט א SHEVAT 7	ח שבט SHEVAT 8	ט שבט ט SHEVAT 9	י שבט SHEVAT 10	יא שבט SHEVAT 11	יב שבט SHEVAT 12	יג שבט BESHALACH Shevat 13 Shabbat Shirah
					<u> </u>	
יד שבט [°] SHEVAT 14	טו שבט 17 SHEVAT 15	טז שבט SHEVAT 16	יז שבט 19 SHEVAT 17	יח שבט SHEVAT 18	יט שבט 1 SHEVAT 19	ב שבט כ איברע SHEVAT 20 YITRO
	TU BISHVAT				<u>0.0</u>	
23 כא שבט SHEVAT 21	כב שבט SHEVAT 22	כג שבט כג אבט SHEVAT 23	26 אבט SHEVAT 24	כה שבט 27 SHEVAT 25	כו שבט 28 SHEVAT 26	29 כז שבט MISHPATIM Blessing of new month
כח שבט C SHEVAT 28	כט שבט 3 SHEVAT 29				i d	

February 2022 SHEVAT/ADAR I 5782 שבט/אדר אי תשפייב

THE JEWISH CALENDAR

The Jewish calendar is the only calendar in which both the monthly and annual units are governed by real astronomical events: The lunar month, and the solar year.

The word for month in the Torah is either chodesh ("renewal"), or yerach ("moon"), both hinting at the rebirth of the moon at the beginning of the month. At the same time, the Torah commands us to ensure that the holiday of Passover always occurs in the spring, hinting at a solar year.

Because twelve lunar months are approximately 11 days short of a solar year, it becomes necessary to occasionally add a 13th month, Adar I, to the Jewish calendar year, which is then called a Leap Year.

Our sages have devised a system of 19-year cycles, 7 of which are always declared leap years. This includes the 6th of year of the cycle, which is where we are this Jewish year (5782).

ADAR

Adar is the month during which we celebrate the joyous holiday of Purim. But it's not just Purim; "As soon as Adar enters", says the Talmud, "start increasing the joy". The joyous spirit continues beyond Purim, making Adar (this year: both Adars) the most joyous month in the Jewish calendar.

ADAR 7

Birthday and Yartzeit of Moshe Rabbeinu (Moses), who led the Jewish people out of Egyptian bondage.



Gratitude, by Chaya Hindy Newgartin, www.LeviimArt.com

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SHABBAT
		ל שבט SHEVAT 30	א אדר א ADAR I 1	ב אדר א ADAR I 2	4 אדר א ADAR ו 3	T אדר א TERUMAH ADAR I 4
_	_	ROSH CHODESH	ROSH CHODESH			
ה אדר א ADAR I 5	ן אדר א ADAR I 6	אדר א T ADAR I 7	ח אדר א D ADAR I 8	ט אדר א ADAR I 9	י אדר א ADAR I 10	יא אדר א TETZAVEH ADAR I 11
יב אדר א ADAR I 12	יג אדר א ADAR I 13	לד אדר א ADAR i 14 PURIM KATAN	16 ON ADAR I 15 ADAR I 15 SHUSHAN PURIM KATAN	טז אדר א ADAR I 16	ין אדר א ADAR I 17	יח אדר א KI TISA ADAR I 18
יט אדר א 20 ADAR ו 19	2 אדר א DADAR I 20	22 כא אדר א ADAR I 21	כב אדר א ADAR I 22	24 כג אדר א ADAR I 23	25 ADAR 24	עבה אדר א VAYAKHEIL Blessing of new month Parshat Shekalim
כו אדר א 27 ADAR 26	28 כז אדר א ADAR I 27					

ADAR I/ADAR II 5782 ADAR I/ADAR II 5782 אדר אי/אדר בי תשפייב

THE FAST OF ESTHER

The Fast of Esther is observed on the 13th of Adar, when, during the story of Purim, the Persian king decreed all the Jews to be annihilated. Even after Haman's downfall, the decree was never rescinded, and the Jews gathered throughout the empire to defend themselves. Those who didn't participate in the fighting, including queen Esther, devoted the day to fasting and prayers for deliverance.

PURIM

The actual story of Purim, as told in the Scroll of Esther, is as fascinating and spellbinding as any best seller. Yet, though it is sacred Scripture, we do not find the name of G-d mentioned even once! But within the intricate details of the Megillah, we can detect the unmistakable hand of Divine Providence. And the closer we examine the story, the more we discover that even seemingly insignificant events are precisely arranged by the hand of the Almighty.

HOW TO CELEBRATE PURIM:

- Listen to the reading of Megillat Esther (the Scroll of Esther) at night and day, recounting the story of Purim.
- Send gifts containing at least two types of ready-to-eat (kosher) food to one or more friends on the day of Purim. These gifts, called Mishloach Manot ("sending portions"), should preferably be sent via a third party.
- Give Matanot L'evyonim ("gifts of charity to the poor"). While Tzedakah (charity) is a year-round responsibility, it is a particularly special Mitzvah on Purim. Give to at least two needy individuals during Purim day.
- Celebrate with a special festive and joyous meal.



Holding it Tight, by E.maxwell, www.LeviimArt.com



SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SHABBAT
		כח אדר א CD ADAR I 28	כט אדר א ADAR I 29	ל אדר א ADAR I 30	א אדר ב ADAR II 1	ב אדר ב PEKUDEI ADAR II 2 Shabbat Chazzak
				ROSH CHODESH	ROSH CHODESH	
ג אדר ב ADAR II 3	T אדר ב ADAR II 4	אדר ב ADAR II 5	ן אדר ב ADAR II 6	ז אדר ב 1 ADAR II 7	ח אדר ב n ADAR II 8	ט אדר ב VAYIKRA ADAR II 9 Parshat Zachor
י אדר ב [?] ADAR וו 10	יא אדר ב ADAR II 11	יב אדר ב ADAR II 12	יג אדר ב ADAR II 13 FAST OF ESTHER	יד אדר ב 17 ADAR II 14 אבר ב 17 PURIM	טו אדר ב ADAR II וו ADAR II וו SHUSHAN PURIM	טז אדר ב TZAV ADAR II 16
יז אדר ב 20 ADAR וו 17	יח אדר ב 11 ADAR וו 18	יט אדר ב 22 ADAR וו 19	23 ב אדר ב ADAR II 20	24 כא אדר ב ADAR וו 21	25 ב אדר ב ADAR וו 22	כג אדר ב SHEMINI ADAR II 23 SHEMINI Blessing of new month Parshat Parah
27 כד אדר ב ADAR II 24	כה אדר ב 28 ADAR וו 25	כו אדו ב 29 ADAR II 26	כז אדר ב ADAR II 27	31 כח אדר ב ADAR II 28		

ADAR II/NISSAN 5782 אדר בי/ניסן תשפ"ב

NISSAN 11

Birthday of the Lubavitcher Rebbe, Rabbi Menachem M. Schneerson (1902).

CELEBRATING PESACH (PASSOVER)

On Pesach we celebrate the birth of the Jewish nation with our miraculous redemption from Egypt. Pesach is celebrated by refraining from eating (or even owning) any foods which are chametz (leavened), and by participating in a Seder dinner on the first two nights of the holiday.

REMOVAL OF CHAMETZ

We prepare for Pesach by thoroughly cleaning any place we own, rent, or work at, and removing any trace of chametz we find. Sinks, tables, countertops, and dishes used throughout the year need to be koshered for Pesach use.

On the evening before Pesach begins (this year on Thursday evening, April 14), we formally search the entire home for any remaining chametz. Any chametz we don't plan on destroying is placed in a separate room or closet, sealed, and sold - through a competent Rabbi - to a non-Jew for the duration of the festival. Unsold chametz must be destroyed before the day before Passover, this year on Friday, April 15th, before the indicated time.

THE SEDER

The Pesach Seder, conducted each of the first two nights of Pesach, is the central event of the

Passover festival.

- We drink four cups of wine (or grape juice), remembering the redemption and its four stages.
- We ask the "Four Questions" and recite the Haggadah, retelling the story of Passover and the miracles of our redemption.
- We eat Shmurah Matzah, the plain unleavened bread which isn't allowed to rise, remembering both the simple bread of slaves and the swiftness of the redemption from Egypt.
- We eat Maror (bitter herbs), remembering the bitterness of the enslavement.

THE LAST DAY OF PESACH

The eighth and final day of Pesach is associated with the ultimate redemption through Moshiach, and our fervent hope for its imminent arrival. In many communities, a festive "Moshiach Meal" is organized toward the evening, to emphasize this day's special dimension.

COUNTING OF THE OMER

Beginning the second evening of Pesach, we count seven weeks until the arrival of the festival of Shavuot. They correspond to the seven weeks, starting from the day of the Exodus, during which our ancestors eagerly awaited the receiving of the Torah at Mount Sinai.

Splitting the Sea, by www.LeviimArt.com





SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SHABBAT
					כט אדר ב ADAR II 29	א ניסן TAZRIA NISSAN 1 Parshat Hachodesh
					6.4	ROSH CHODESH
	İ		1			
ב ניטן 2 NISSAN 2	ג ניטן ג NISSAN 3	ד ניטן NISSAN 4	ה ניסן NISSAN 5	ר ניטן NISSAN 6	ז ניטן NISSAN 7	ת ניסו METZORA NISSAN 8 Shabbat Hagadol
ט ניסן NISSAN 9	י ביסן NISSAN 10	יא ניטן NISSAN 11	יב ניסן NISSAN 12	יג ניטן NISSAN 13	יד ניטן NISSAN 14	טר ניסן NISSAN 15
					FAST OF FIRST BORN FIRST SEDER	1ST DAY OF PASSOVER SECOND SEDER
						In the evening count Omer 1
17 טז ניטן NISSAN 16 Omer 1	יז ניטוּ NISSAN 17 Omer 2	יח ניטן NISSAN 18 Omer 3	יט ניטן NISSAN 19 Omer 4	כ ניטן כ NISSAN 20 Omer 5	22 כא ניטן NISSAN 21 Omer 6	כב ניסן NISSAN 22 Omer 7
				Eruv Tavshilin		
2ND DAY OF PASSOVER In the evening count 0mer 2	1ST INTERMEDIATE DAY OF PASSOVER In the evening count Omer 3	2ND INTERMEDIATE DAY OF PASSOVER In the evening count Omer 4	3RD INTERMEDIATE DAY OF PASSOVER In the evening count Omer 5	4TH INTERMEDIATE DAY OF PASSOVER In the evening count Omer 6	7TH DAY OF PASSOVER In the evening count Omer 7	YIZKOR 8TH DAY OF PASSOVER In the evening count Omer 8
24 כג ניטן NISSAN 23 Omer 8	כד ניטן 25 NISSAN 24 Omer 9	26 כה ניטן NISSAN 25 Omer 10	כו ניטן 27 NISSAN 26 Omer 11	כז ניטן NISSAN 27 Omer 12	כח ניטן C NISSAN 28 Omer 13	כט ניטן ACHAREI Blessing of new month
- Uniei 0	— Ulliel 3	— Onler 10	- Ulliel 11	Uniel 12	- Olliel 13	PIRKEI-AVOT: Chapter 1
ISRU CHAG In the evening count Omer 9	In the evening count Omer 10	In the evening count Omer 11	In the evening count Omer 12	In the evening count Omer 13	In the evening count Omer 14	In the evening count Omer 15



NISSAN/SIVAN 5782 ניסן/סיון תשפ״ב

PESACH SHENI

When the Holy Temple stood in Jerusalem, this day offered a second chance to offer the Passover sacrifice for those who had been unable to bring their offering at the appropriate time.

IT'S NEVER TOO LATE:

The eternal significance of the Second Passover, says the sixth Lubavitcher Rebbe, Rabbi Yosef Yitzchak Schneersohn, is the notion that it is never too late to rectify a past failing. Even if we have failed to the extent that the Torah calls us "contaminated by death" (i.e., in a state of disconnection from the divine source of life) or "on a distant road" from our people and G-d, there is always another chance. It's always possible to "Pass over" the past, and make good on what we have missed out.

IYAR 18 - LAG BA'OMER

On this date, in the early 2nd century, the students of Rabbi Akiva, the greatest sage of that era, ceased to die from an epidemic. Years later on this same date, his student Rabbi Shimon Bar Yochai, Mishnaic sage and author of the Zohar (the seminal work of Kabbalah) passed away. Having fulfilled his mission in this world he asked that the anniversary of his death be celebrated as a joyous occasion. Throughout the Land of Israel — and indeed in Jewish communities throughout the world — this day is marked with festivities and bonfires. In particular, thousands journey to rejoice in the town of Meron, site of Rabbi Shimon's resting place.



Lag Ba'Omer, by Mira Eisen www.LeviimArt.com



				NEW MOON, SIVAN. MON	JAY, MAY 30, 2022, 6:04 (2/18) PM	111001111, 01111111 0702
SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SHABBAT
ל ניטן NISSAN 30 Omer 15	א אייר IYAR 1 Omer 16	ב אייר IYAR 2 Omer 17	ג אייר IYAR 3 Omer 18	ד אייר YAR 4 Omer 19	ה אייר IYAR 5 Omer 20	אייר ו אייר I KEDOSHIM PIRKEI-AVOT: Chapter 2
ROSH CHODESH In the evening count Omer 16	ROSH CHODESH In the evening count Omer 17	In the evening count Omer 18	In the evening count Omer 19	In the evening count Omer 20	In the evening count Omer 21	In the evening count Omer 22
אייר YAR 7 Omer 22	ח אייר IYAR 8 Omer 23	ט אייר (ט אייר IYAR 9 Omer 24	י אייר IYAR 10 Omer 25	יא אייר <u>IYAR 11</u> Omer 26	יב אייר IYAR 12 Omer 27	יג אייר EMOR IYAR 13 PIRKEI-AVOT: Omer 28 Chapter 3
In the evening count Omer 23	In the evening count Omer 24	In the evening count Omer 25	In the evening count Omer 26	In the evening count Omer 27	In the evening count Omer 28	In the evening count Omer 29
יד אייר 15 IYAR 14 Omer 29	טו אייר 16 IYAR 15 Omer 30	טז אייר (17 IYAR 16 Omer 31	יז אייר 18 ויאר 17	יח אייר 19 ויח אייר 19 IYAR 18 Omer 33	יט אייר YYAR 19 Omer 34	21 פאייר אייר IYAR 20 Omer 35 PIRKEI-AVOT: Chapter 4
PESACH SHEINI In the evening count Omer 30	In the evening count Omer 31	In the evening count Omer 32	In the evening count Omer 33	LAG BA'OMER In the evening count Omer 34	In the evening count Omer 35	In the evening count Omer 36
22 כא אייר IYAR 21 Omer 36	23 כב אייר IYAR 22 Omer 37	כג אייר (כג אייר YYAR 23 Omer 38	25 אייר _{IYAR 24} Omer 39	כה אייר יוי 26 IYAR 25 Omer 40	כו אייר IYAR 26 Omer 41	בז אייר IYAR 27 Omer 42 BECHUKOTAI Shabbat Chazzak Blessing of new month PIRKEI-AVOT: Chapter 5
In the evening count Omer 37	In the evening count Omer 38	In the evening count Omer 39	In the evening count Omer 40	In the evening count Omer 41	In the evening count Omer 42	In the evening count Omer 43
29 אייר IYAR 28 Omer 43	כט אייר IYAR 29 Omer 44	א סיון א SIVAN 1 Omer 45				
In the evening count Omer 44	In the evening count Omer 45	ROSH CHODESH In the evening count Omer 46				



SIVAN/TAMMUZ 5782 סיון/תמוז תשפ"ב

THE FESTIVAL OF SHAVUOT

Shavuot celebrates the giving of the Torah at Mount Sinai. It is on this day that we became G-d's "chosen people", and He formed a bond with us which shall never be broken.

SHAVUOT OBSERVANCES

- All-night Torah-study on the first night of Shavuot. What a great preparation for receiving the Torah!
- Reading of the Ten Commandments in the synagogue on the first day of Shavuot. Bring your children along the guarantors for a proper Jewish future!
- A festive dairy meal is served on the first day of Shavuot. Like milk for an infant, we receive all our spiritual nourishment from the Torah!

KOSHER

Kashrut: Spiritual Diet for a Small Planet

For our physical wellbeing, few things are as important as a healthy diet. But the Kosher laws offer the soul similar benefits, and more. The mystical masters teach us that everything we eat has a bit of holiness — a "spark" of Divine energy released when we eat foods prepared in accord with the kosher laws. Just as the body responds to the quality of the food that fuels it, so too the soul: With appropriate foods prepared in the prescribed manner, we absorb the Divine nourishment that makes for a healthy spirit. Adapting your diet to a kosher lifestyle is easier than you might imagine. The shelves of your local supermarket are stocked with literally hundreds and even thousands of products produced under kosher supervision.

For more information about Kosher, or if you need help koshering your kitchen, please contact our office.

Shabbos, by Anna Bleicher, www.nertartgallery.com



SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SHABBAT
			ב סיון ב SIVAN 2 Omer 46	2 SIVAN 3 Omer 47	3 SIVAN 4 Omer 48	SIVAN 5 Omer 49 BAMIDBAR PIRKEI-AVOT: Chapter 6
			In the evening count Omer 47	In the evening count Omer 48	In the evening count Omer 49	₩.
5 וייון SIVAN 6	6 SIVAN 7	ח סיון n SIVAN 8	ט סיון SIVAN 9	י טיון SIVAN 10	יא סיון SIVAN 11	יב טיון NASO SIVAN 12 PIRKEI-AVOT: Chapter 1
1ST DAY OF SHAVUOT	¥YIZKOR 2ND DAY OF SHAVUOT	ISRU CHAG			₩.	
יג סיון SIVAN 13	יד סיון SIVAN 14	טר סיון SIVAN 15	טז סיון SIVAN 16	יז סיון SIVAN 17	יח סיון SIVAN 18	יט סיון BEHAALOTECHA SIVAN 19 PIRKEI-AVOT: Chapter 2
					13	
כ סיון SIVAN 20	כא סיון 20 CS NAVI 21	21 SIVAN 22	כג סיון 22 SIVAN 23	23 SIVAN 24	מה סיון 24 SIVAN 25	כן סיון SHELACH Blessing of new month PIRKEI-AVOT: Chapter 3
					<u> </u>	
בל טיון 26 SIVAN 27	27 CA DO'II	28 CO D'III	ל סיון 29 sivan 30	א תמוז א TAMMUZ 1		
			ROSH CHODESH	ROSH CHODESH		



TAMMUZ/AV 5782 תמוז/אב תשפ"ב

TAMMUZ 3

Hilulo of the Lubavitcher Rebbe, Rabbi Menachem M. Schneerson (1994). The Rebbe's contribution to Jews and Judaism in this generation is immeasurable. Under his leadership and guidance, thousands of young couples have dedicated their lives, through the global network of Chabad Lubavitch institutions, to spread Yiddishkeit throughout the globe. His vision and promise of an imminent redemption, and a world filled with G-dliness, peace and harmony continues to inspire millions throughout the world. Through our efforts, it shall surely soon become a reality.

THE UPCOMING REDEMPTION

The belief in the upcoming redemption is one of the foundations of our faith, and has been promised to us by almost every one of our prophets, beginning with Moses himself. Maimonides included it in his famous Thirteen Principles of the Jewish Faith. Throughout the ages, even during the most trying times, our ancestors have always prayed for and looked forward to the coming of Moshiach, our redeemer.

LET'S WELCOME MOSHIACH

Led by the Lubavitcher Rebbe, Rabbi Menachem M. Schneerson, many prominent Rabbis proclaimed this

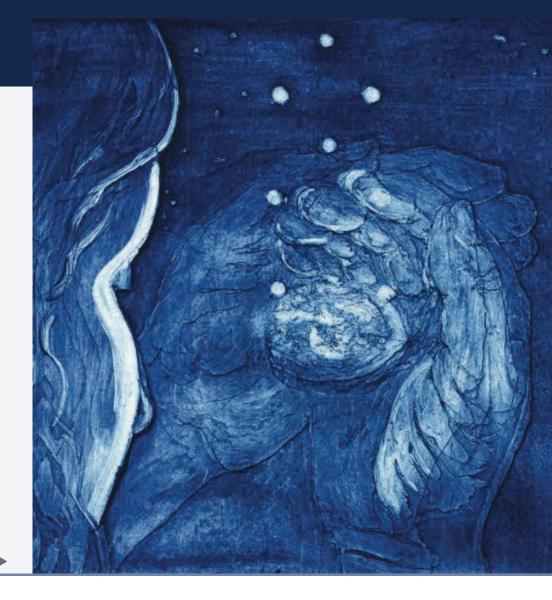
generation to be the one to usher in the redemption. We can prepare for this special time by studying the relevant passages in the Torah and its commentaries, and by increasing in acts of goodness and kindness. This will not only help us prepare for the redemption — this will hasten its arrival!

TAMMUZ 12

Birthday of Rabbi Yosef Yitzchak, sixth leader of Chabad Lubavitch (1880), and his release from Bolshevik impris- onment (1927). He was imprisoned and threatened with his life for his struggle to preserve Judaism in the Soviet Union. His release is since celebrated throughout the Jewish world as a victory for Jewry and Judaism.

A PERIOD OF MOURNING

The 17th of Tammuz is observed as a day of fasting. On this date, in the year 68, the walls of Jerusalem were breached by the Romans after years of siege. The Jewish forces continued to defend the Temple Mount for another 19 days, until it too fell on Av 7. The Beit HaMikdash, the Holy Temple, was torched late on Av 9. The entire period, totaling 21 days, is observed as a period of semi-mourning, including by not scheduling any weddings, as well as avoiding festive music and dancing.



Elevating Sparks, by Shoshana M. Schwartz 720-237-7004



SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SHABBAT
					ב תמוז TAMMUZ 2	2 TAMMUZ 3 KORACH PIRKEI-AVOT: Chapter 4
ד תמוז T TAMMUZ 4	ה תמוז TAMMUZ 5	1 תמוד TAMMUZ 6	ה תמוז TAMMUZ 7	ח תמוז TAMMUZ 8	ט תמוז 9 TAMMUZ 9	י תמוז CHUKAT PIRKEL-AVOT: Chapter 5
יא תמוז 1 TAMMUZ 11	יב תמוז TAMMUZ 12	יג תמוז 12 TAMMUZ 13	13 יד תמוז 13 TAMMUZ 14	טו תמוז TAMMUZ 15	15 טז תמוז TAMMUZ 16	יז תמוז BALAK TAMMUZ 17 PIRKEI-AVOT: Chapter 6
יח תמוז TAMMUZ 18 FAST OF 17TH TAMMUZ	יט תמוז 18 TAMMUZ 19	ב תמוז 19 TAMMUZ 20	20 כא תמוז TAMMUZ 21	בב תמוז 21 TAMMUZ 22	22 Ck παίτ ΤΑΜΜΙΖ 23	23 דתמוז דס PINCHAS Blessing of new month PIRKEI-AVOT: Chapter 1
24 כה תמוז TAMMUZ 25	כו תמוז 25 AMMUZ 26	26 TAMMUZ 27	27 כח תמוז TAMMUZ 28	28 כט תמוז 28	29 AV 1	ב אב MATOT-MASS'EI Shabbat Chazzak PIRKEI-AVOT: Chapter 2
ג אב ג AV 3					ROSH CHODESH	₩

AV/ELUL 5782 אב/אלול תשפייב 2022 אב/אלול תשפייב

TISH'A B'AV - THE NINTH OF AV

The Ninth of Av has been a sad day on the Jewish calendar since our earliest days as a people. Just one year after our forefathers left Egypt, it was on this date that G-d punished that generation, decreeing that they would wander the desert for forty years, never entering into the Holy Land. The focus of our mourning, however, is on the destruction on this date of both the first Temple (422 BCE) and the second Temple (68 CE).

From the beginning of the month of Av (excluding Shabbat), we refrain from consuming meat or wine and from various pleasurable activities as a sign of additional mourning.

The Ninth of Av itself is observed as a fast day similar to Yom Kippur. We refrain from food and drink, as well as from wearing leather shoes, washing or showering, using oils or lotions, and marital relations. Additionally, on the eve of the fast, the scroll of Eichah (Lamentations) is read in the synagogue in a unique chant, which is mournful yet reassuring. Until Noon we sit on low seats only, as is customary for a mourner during Shiva.

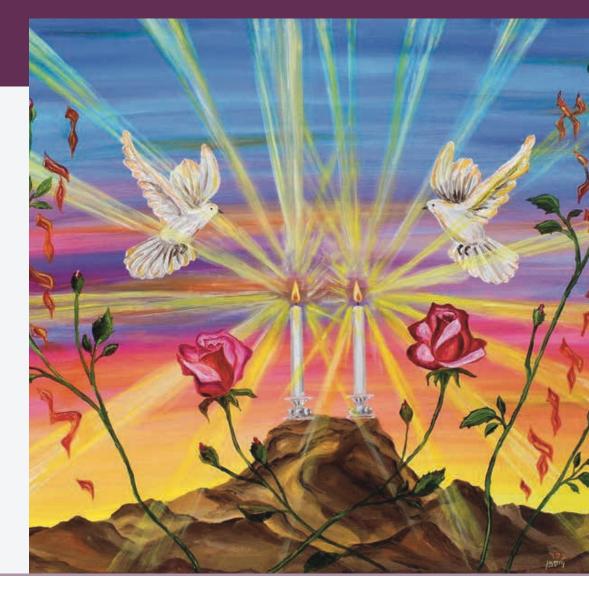
May we merit seeing the ultimate redemption and rebuilding of the Temple by Moshiach, now!

AV 15

The Mishnah recounts: "There were no greater holidays for the Jewish people than that of the 15th of Av and of Yom Kippur."

Several joyful events have occurred on this date, including the end of the 40-year decree upon the Jewish people to wander and die out in the desert after leaving Egypt. This date is particularly joyful as it occurs just as we conclude the mourning period over the destruction of the Temple.

Ani Le'Dodi, by Yehoshua Weissman, www.nertartgallery.com





SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SHABBAT
	T AC T AV 4	ם אב AV 5	אב 1 AV 6	אב ד אב AV 7	ח אב n AV 8	ם אב DEVARIM Shabbat Chazon
7 AV 10	אב AV 11	יב אב P AV 12	יג אב 10 Av 13	יד אב AV 14	טו אב 12 AV 15	אב VA'ETCHANAN Shabbat Nachamu PIRKEI-AVOT: Chapter 3
יז אב 14 AV 17	יח אב 15 AV 18	יט אב 16 AV 19	ל אב C אב AV 20	לא אב 28 AV 21	כב אב 22 AV 22	20 בא בל AV 23 EIKEV Blessing of new month PIRKEI-AVOT: Chapter 4
21 AZ 24	22 אב AV 25	23 AV 26	24 AV 27	25 AV 28	26 AC 29	אב ל אב ל RE'EH PIRKEI-AVOT: Chapter 5
א אלול 28 ELUL 1 ROSH CHODESH	ב אלול 29 ELUL 2	ג אלול 3 ELUL 3	אלול T ELUL 4			

בעלול תשפ"ב/תשרי תשפ"ג ELUL 5782/TISHREI 5783

ELUL

The month of Elul is the time to reflect on the passing year, to examine our behavior and to correct any shortcomings. In synagogues throughout the world, extra prayers are recited daily and the Shofar is sounded every weekday.

THE KING IS IN THE FIELD

When the king leaves his guarded palace and travels through the fields, he makes himself accessible to all — and the people stop what they are doing and come out to greet him, excited by the rare opportunity to see their king up-close. During the month of Elul, G-d is more accessible to us, His people. This notion compels us to stop and reach out to Him through repentance, prayer and charity.

ELUL 18

Known as Chai Elul, the "life" of Elul. Birthday of Rabbi Israel Baal Shem Tov (1698), founder of the Chassidic movement, and of Rabbi Shneur Zalman of Liadi (1745), founder of the Chabad movement.

ELUL 21-22

After midnight, we recite Selichot (special penitential prayers). We continue to recite Selichot every weekday morning until Rosh Hashanah.

ROSH HASHANAH

Rosh Hashanah (literally, the "head" of the year) is the beginning of the Jewish year – and the "birthday" of all of creation. It commemorates the creation of Adam and Eve, the first humans. Man was the first to acknowledge G-d's kingship over the universe, and on Rosh Hashanah we renew this commitment to G-d and His commandments.

THE SHOFAR

The sounding of the Shofar (the ram's horn) is a central observance of Rosh Hashanah. The Shofar calls many things to mind: It symbolizes our coronation of G-d as King, it is a "wake up call" to return to G-d, and it presages the coming of Moshiach, whose arrival will be heralded by the "Great Shofar". This year, due to Shabbos observances, the Shofar is sounded only on the 2nd day of Rosh Hashanah.

Shofar, by Ari Zeigler, www.LeviimArt.com



September 2022

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SHABBAT
				ה אלול ELUL 5	1 אלול ELUL 6	ז אלול א SHOFTIM PIRKEI-AVOT: CHAPTER 6
אלול ח אלול ELUL 8	ט אלול ELUL 9	י אלול ELUL 10	יא אלול 7 ELUL 11	יב אלול ELUL 12	יג אלול פ ELUL 13	יד אלול KI TEITZEI PIRKEI-AVOT: Chapters 1 & 2
טו אלול ELUL 15	טז אלול ELUL 16	יז אלול 13 ELUL 17	יח אלול ELUL 18	יט אלול 15 ELUL 19	כ אלול 20 ELUL 20	בא אלול KI TAVO ELUL 21 Shabbat Selichot PIRKEI-AVOT: CHAPTER 3 & 4
כב אלול ELUL 22	כג אלול 25 ELUL 23	20 כד אלול ELUL 24	21 כה אלול ELUL 25	כנ אלול ב ELUL 26	בז אלול 23 ELUL 27	24 בכח אלול אלול NITZAVIM PIRKEI-AVOT: CHAPTER 5 & 6
25 כט אלול ELUL 29	א תשרי 26 TISHREI 1 ST DAY OF ROSH HASHANAH	ב תשרי ב תשרי TISHREI 2 2ND DAY OF ROSH HASHANAH DAY 1	ג תשרי ג TISHREI 3 FAST OF GEDALIAH	1 תשרי TISHREI 4	ה תשרי TISHREI 5	